



**FIRST TERM GLOBAL TEST**  
**4° ESO**



**Exercise 1: (2.5 ptos)** Work out and simplify if possible:

a)  $\frac{x^4 - 5x^2 + 4}{x^3 + x^2 - 4x - 4} = x - 1$

b)  $\frac{3}{x-7} - \frac{x-5}{x^2-5x-14} + \frac{5x}{x+2} = \frac{5x^2 - 33x + 11}{x^2 - 5x - 14}$

**Exercise 2: (1 pto)** Given the polynomial  $P(x) = ax^3 + bx^2 + 5x - 2$  find the values of  $a$  and  $b$  so that:

a) It is divisible by  $(x - 2)$

b) When dividing by  $(x + 1)$  the remainder is  $-12$

$a = 1, b = -4 \rightarrow P(x) = x^3 - 4x^2 + 5x - 2$

**Exercise 3: (1 pto)** The difference of two numbers is 5, and the sum of their squares is 433. Find the their values **The numbers are 17 and 12 or -12 and -17**

**Exercise 4: (2.5 ptos)** Work out:

a)  $\left. \begin{array}{l} 3x + 4 \leq 7(x - 2) + 5x \\ x^2 - 4x - 5 < 0 \end{array} \right\} \rightarrow x \in [2, 5)$

b)  $\left. \begin{array}{l} 25 - x^2 < 0 \\ x^2 - 4x + 3 \leq 0 \end{array} \right\} \rightarrow \text{No solution}$

**Exercise 5: (2.25 ptos)** Work out:

a)  $\left. \begin{array}{l} x^2 - y = -3 \\ x^2 + y^2 = 53 \end{array} \right\} \rightarrow \begin{array}{l} x = 2 \quad y = 7 \\ x = -2 \quad y = 7 \end{array} \quad (1)$

b)  $\sqrt{2x+6} + \sqrt{x+2} = 3 \rightarrow x = -1 \quad (1.25)$

**Exercise 6: (0.75 ptos)** Rationalize and simplify if possible:  $\frac{\sqrt{10} - \sqrt{8}}{\sqrt{10} + \sqrt{8}} = 9 - 4\sqrt{5}$

