



THIRD TERM GLOBAL TEST

4° ESO



Exercise 1: (1.5 ptos)

- a) Find the parametric, continuous and general equations of the straight line that goes through the points $A(5, -1)$ and $B(-2, 7)$

$$\vec{u} = (-7, 8) \quad r \equiv \begin{cases} x = 5 - 7t \\ y = -1 + 8t \end{cases} \quad \frac{x-5}{-7} = \frac{y+1}{8} \quad 8x + 7y - 33 = 0$$

- b) Write the equation of the straight line that's perpendicular to $r \equiv x + 5y - 7 = 0$ and goes through the point $P(2, -3)$ $5x - y - 13 = 0$

Exercise 2: (1 pto) Given the points $P(k+4, -2)$ and $Q(4, k)$ find the value of k so that $|\overline{PQ}| = \sqrt{34}$
 $k = -5, \quad k = 3$

Exercise 3: (1 pto) Given the vectors $\vec{u} = (7, 2)$, $\vec{v} = (1, 18)$ and $\vec{w} = (5, -3)$ write \vec{v} as a linear combination of \vec{u} and \vec{w} $\vec{v} = 3\vec{u} - 4\vec{w}$

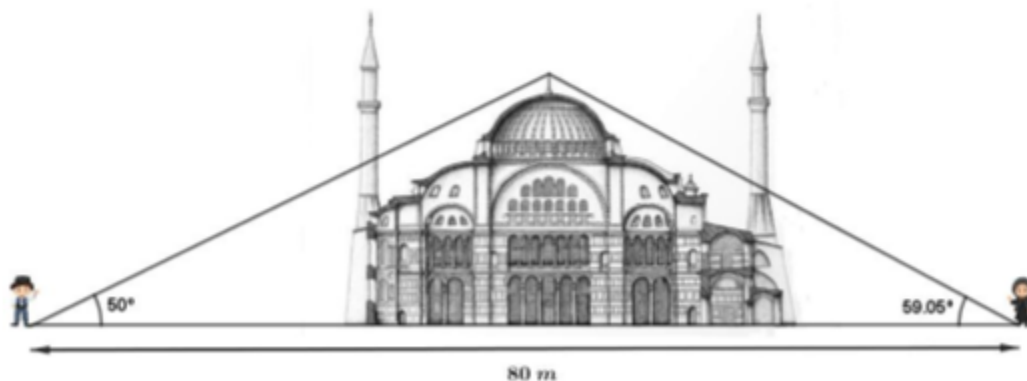
Exercise 4: (1 pto) If $\cos \alpha = 0.45$ and $\frac{3\pi}{2} < \alpha < 2\pi$ find the other two principal trigonometric functions and the value of the angle α

$$\sin \alpha = -0.89 \quad \tan \alpha = -1.98 \quad \alpha = 296.74^\circ$$

Exercise 5: (1 pto) Find the three principal trigonometric functions of $\alpha = \frac{2\pi}{3}$ (no calculator allowed)

$$\cos \frac{2\pi}{3} = -\frac{1}{2} \quad \sin \frac{2\pi}{3} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \quad \tan \frac{2\pi}{3} = -\sqrt{3}$$

Exercise 6: (1.25 ptos) Before I leave İstanbul I've asked my friend Hakan to help me measure the height of the dome of the Hagia Sophia (yes, I am going incognito). Gonyometrem nerede? Ah burada. We are standing 80 m apart and we see the top of the dome with angles of 50° and 59.05° . What's its height?



$$h = 55.6 \text{ m}$$



Exercise 7: (1.5 ptos) Given two events so that $P(\bar{A}) = 0.35$, $P(B) = 0.7$ and $P(A \cup B) = 0.9$, find:

a) $P(A \cap B) = 0.45$

b) $P(B / A) = 0.69$

c) Are A and B independent events? Are they mutually exclusive? Why? **They are not independent and they are not mutually exclusive**

Exercise 8: (1.75 ptos) A certain company stated that 80% of their employees got to work using some kind of vehicle, while the rest just walked. 12% of the people arriving by vehicle and 7% of the ones who didn't were late. Taking a random person working in that company find the probability that:

a) They arrived late **0.11**

b) They walked to work, given that they got there in time **0.21**

