

REAL NUMBERS, POLYNOMIALS AND FRACTIONS TEST - 4° ESO



Exercise 1: (1.25 point) Work out $\frac{\log_9 875 - \log_9 7}{\log_9 25 + \log_9 625} =$

Exercise 2: (1 point) Solve and factorize the equation $x^6 - 13x^4 + 36x^2 = 0$

Exercise 3: (1.75 points) Rationalize the following expressions:

a)
$$(0.25)$$
 $\frac{12}{\sqrt{3}}$ =

b)
$$(0.5)$$
 $\frac{35}{\sqrt[4]{5}}$ =

b)
$$(0.5)$$
 $\frac{35}{\sqrt[4]{5}} =$ c) (1) $\frac{\sqrt{10} + \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{10} - \sqrt{2}} =$

Exercise 4: (2.25 points) Work out the value of the following expressions and simplify if possible:

a)
$$\frac{x-5}{x^2+4x-21} - \frac{2x-1}{x+7} + \frac{3x}{x-3} =$$
 (1.25)

b)
$$\frac{x^2 - 1}{x^2 + 6x + 5}$$
: $\frac{3x - 3}{x^2 + 10x + 25}$ = (1)

Exercise 5: (1 point) Study the following unions and intersections of intervals and write them as inequalities too:

a)
$$[-2,0) \cap (-3,7] =$$

b)
$$(-\infty, 2] \cup (2, 5] =$$

Exercise 6: (2.75 points) Work out, express as a single radical and simplify if possible:

a)
$$5\sqrt{448} - \sqrt{405} - 2\sqrt{500} - \sqrt{7} =$$
 (1)

b)
$$\sqrt[6]{x^{-5}}$$
: $\sqrt[4]{x^3} \cdot \sqrt{x^{-1}} =$ (0.75)

c)
$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{a^{-2} \cdot b^5} \cdot \sqrt{a}}{\sqrt[5]{a^2 \cdot b^{-3}}} =$$
 (1)

